

Extended (8K) PL Integration Manual



Cellocator Division
Pointer Telocation Ltd.

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POINTER



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1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to describe the new Cello family devices support for extended configuration memory of 8 Kbytes.

The new configuration space is expected to support new Cello variants requiring more configuration data. The change includes remapping of configuration areas, protocol changes and tool changes. This document provides information about the memory remapping, and the resulted server side modifications.

1.1 Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations

| Name | Description |
|------|-------------|
| | |
| | |

1.2 References and Bibliography

| No. | Document Name | Number | Version | Date | Location |
|-----|---------------|--------|---------|------|----------|
| 1 | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | |

1.3 Revision History

| Version number | Date | Description |
|----------------|------------------|-------------|
| 1.0 | October 10, 2013 | First draft |

1.4 Compatibility Table

| Variant | Firmware Version |
|-------------|------------------|
| Cello-IQ | 32f |
| Cello-CANiQ | 33a |



2 PL Programming and Uploading for the Extended Configuration Memory

2.1 Overview

The introduction of 8 Kbytes configuration memory required support for a new OTA protocol, as the existing one had a limited address range. A new protocol type (11) has been added to the fleet protocol as an infrastructure for advanced modular application level message interchange. The protocol is modular as it is designed to carry predefined application layer data units (or modules) between an application running inside the Cello device and a server side application. The new Type 11 protocol is described in the *Cellocator Wireless Communication protocol* document.

The programming scenario has been changed as well

2.2 General Type 11 message format

The Type 11 message includes header, modules and check sum as presented in the Figure below.

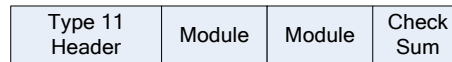


Figure 1: Type 11 Message

2.3 General Outbound Type 11 message format

The table below describes the information elements of an outbound message (that is, a message sent by the Cello unit). The header is a legacy MCGP header like the legacy fleet. The message length is held in 16 bits, in theory enabling a message size of 65536; in practice the message length is constrained by the Cello unit hardware. The numerator is used as an indication to associate between the message request and its response. The "Packet Control Field" identifies the message direction.

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 | System Code, byte 1 – ASCII "M" |
| 2 | System Code, byte 2 – ASCII "C" |
| 3 | System Code, byte 3 – ASCII "G" |
| 4 | System Code, byte 4 – ASCII "P" |
| 5 | Message Type byte (11) |
| 6 | Length |
| | |
| | Unit's ID (total 32 bits) |
| | |
| | |
| | |



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| | |
|-----|---|
| | Numerator |
| | Spare (sent as 0) |
| | |
| | |
| | Packet Control Field |
| | CSA FW ID Module : Mandatory Module, see Packet Control Field |
| | |
| ... | |
| | <i>Other modules</i> |
| | |
| | |
| | <i>Check Sum</i> |

2.4 General Inbound Type 11 message format

The table below describes a Type 11 inbound message (a message sent to the Cello unit). Unlike an outbound message, the "Packet Control" field will reflect the packet direction, as described in [Packet Control Field](#).

| | |
|----|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | System Code, byte 1 – ASCII "M" |
| 2 | System Code, byte 2 – ASCII "C" |
| 3 | System Code, byte 3 – ASCII "G" |
| 4 | System Code, byte 4 – ASCII "P" |
| 5 | Message Type byte (11) |
| 6 | Destination Unit's ID (total 32 bits) |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| 9 | |
| 10 | Command Numerator |
| 11 | Authentication |
| 12 | |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |



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| | |
|-------|--|
| 15 | Packet Control Field |
| 16-17 | Length (of the modules section - not including the checksum) |
| 18 | Spare (sent as 0) |
| 19 | |
| 20 | |
| 21 | |
| 20 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | <i>Check Sum</i> |

2.5 Packet Control Field description

| Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bits 5-0 |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| Direction | Out of space indication | unused |

Direction

- 0 – Data from the unit (Outbound)
- 1 – Request (Inbound)

Out of Space Indication

- 0 – All the requested data is present in the message
- 1 – Some sub-data was not returned due to data size

2.6 Programming related Type 11 modules

This section describes Type 11 modules associated with Cello configuration memory programming and configuration uploading.

The following sections describe three Type 11 message examples for **configuration programming**, **configuration block request by the server** and **configuration memory response to a request command**. Please note that although module number 10 can carry multiple instances of programming commands, currently we only support a single instance.



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2.6.1 Configuration Memory Block Programming

The table below describes a Type 11 message example carrying a configuration block programming command.

| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations | |
|-------------|--|---|--|
| 1 | System Code, byte 1 – ASCII "M" | Type 11 Header | |
| 2 | System Code, byte 2 – ASCII "C" | | |
| 3 | System Code, byte 3 – ASCII "G" | | |
| 4 | System Code, byte 4 – ASCII "P" | | |
| 5 | Message Type byte (11) | | |
| 6 | Length | | |
| 7 | | | |
| 8 | Destination Unit's ID (total 32 bits) | | |
| 9 | | | |
| 10 | | | |
| 11 | | | |
| 12 | | | |
| 13 | Spare (sent as 0) | | |
| 14 | | | |
| 15 | | | |
| 16 | | | |
| 17 | Packet Control Field | | |
| 18 | Module Name = 10 | Module number 10 header with one programming instance | Programming Module number 10 with 1 programming instance |
| 19 | Module Length | | |
| 20 | | | |
| 21 | Numerator | | |
| 22 | | | |
| 23 | Number of memory instances attached: Set to 1 | | |
| 24 | Memory space: Spare: Set to 0 | Programming instance carried by module number 10 | |
| 25 | Memory entry type : 0-Bit, 1-Byte, 2-Word (16bits), 3-Long(32 bit) Must be set to 1 to support byte access. | | |



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| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations | |
|-------------|---|--------------------|--|
| 26 | Configuration memory address 0-8 Kbytes | | |
| 27 | | | |
| 28 | | | |
| 29 | | | |
| 30 | Configuration memory blocks size. | | |
| 31 | | | |
| 32 | | | |
| 33 | | | |
| | Payload | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Check Sum | Check Sum | |

2.6.2 Configuration Memory Block Programming Ack

| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | System Code, byte 1 – ASCII "M" | Type 11 Header |
| 2 | System Code, byte 2 – ASCII "C" | |
| 3 | System Code, byte 3 – ASCII "G" | |
| 4 | System Code, byte 4 – ASCII "P" | |
| 5 | Message Type byte (11) | |
| 6 | Length | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Destination Unit's ID (total 32 bits) | |
| 9 | | |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | | |



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| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations | |
|-------------|---|--|----------------------------|
| 12 | Command Numerator | | |
| 13 | Spare (sent as 0) | | |
| 14 | | | |
| 15 | | | |
| 16 | | | |
| 17 | Packet Control Field | | |
| 18 | Module Name = 10 | Module number 10 header with one Ack. instance | Module 10 Programming Ack. |
| 19 | Module Length | | |
| 20 | | | |
| 21 | Numerator | | |
| 22 | | | |
| 23 | Number of Instances: Set to 1 | | |
| 24 | Instance action status 0 - OK 1 - Write Error | One instance of Ack status | |
| 25 | CheckSum | | |

2.6.3 Configuration Memory Block Request Command

The table below describes a Type 11 message example carrying a configuration block request command.

| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | System Code, byte 1 – ASCII "M" | Type 11 Header |
| 2 | System Code, byte 2 – ASCII "C" | |
| 3 | System Code, byte 3 – ASCII "G" | |
| 4 | System Code, byte 4 – ASCII "P" | |
| 5 | Message Type byte (11) | |
| 6 | Length | |
| 7 | | |



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| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations | | | |
|-------------|--|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 8 | Destination Unit's ID (total 32 bits) | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | Command Numerator | |
| 13 | Spare (sent as 0) | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | |
| 17 | Packet Control Field | | | | |
| 18 | Module Name = 11 | | | Module number 11 header with one instance of configuration Request | Module Number 11: Configuration block request |
| 19 | Module Length | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | |
| 21 | Numerator | | | | |
| 22 | | | | | |
| 23 | Number of Instances: Set to 1 | | | | |
| 24 | Memory space: Spare Set to 0 | | | Configuration request instance carried by module number 11. | |
| 25 | Memory entry type : 0-Bit, 1-Byte, 2-Word (16bits), 3-Long(32 bit) Must be set to 1 to support byte access. | | | | |
| 26 | Configuration memory address 0-8 Kbytes | | | | |
| 27 | | | | | |
| 28 | | | | | |
| 29 | | | | | |
| 30 | Configuration memory blocks size. | | | | |
| 31 | | | | | |
| 32 | | | | | |
| 33 | | | | | |



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| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| 32 | Check Sum | |

2.6.4 Configuration Memory Block Response

The table below describes a Type 11 message example carrying a configuration block Response message. This message is a response to the [Configuration Memory Block Request Command](#). The message carries the content of configuration data memory; the type 11 message in this example carries 1 module.

| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | System Code, byte 1 – ASCII "M" | Type 11 Header | |
| 2 | System Code, byte 2 – ASCII "C" | | |
| 3 | System Code, byte 3 – ASCII "G" | | |
| 4 | System Code, byte 4 – ASCII "P" | | |
| 5 | Message Type byte (11) | | |
| 6 | Length | | |
| 7 | | | |
| 8 | Destination Unit's ID (total 32 bits) | | |
| 9 | | | |
| 10 | | | |
| 11 | | | |
| 12 | Command Numerator | | |
| 13 | Spare (sent as 0) | | |
| 14 | | | |
| 15 | | | |
| 16 | | | |
| 17 | Packet Control Field | | |
| 18 | Module Name: FW ID: 8 | Firmware ID Module header | Firmware ID module |
| 19 | Length of module 2 bytes | | |
| 20 | | | |
| 21 | Spare | Firmware ID | |



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| Byte Number | Byte level Description | Field associations | |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| 22 | Protocol version 1 | | |
| 23 | FW ID | | |
| 24 | | | |
| 25 | | | |
| 26 | | | |
| 18 | Module Name = 11 | Module number 11 header with one instance of memory data | Module number 11 carrying returned programming data |
| 19 | Module Length | | |
| 20 | | | |
| 21 | Numerator | | |
| 22 | | | |
| 23 | Number of Instances: Set to 1 | | |
| 24 | Memory space: Spare | One instance of Programming memory returned | |
| 25 | Memory entry type : 0-Bit, 1-Byte, 2-Word (16bits), 3-Long(32 bit) Must be set to 1 to support byte access. | | |
| 26 | Configuration memory address 0-8 Kbytes | | |
| 27 | | | |
| 28 | | | |
| 29 | | | |
| 30 | Configuration memory blocks size. | | |
| 31 | | | |
| 32 | | | |
| 33 | | | |
| 3 | Payload | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | CheckSum | | |



2.7 Programming Scenario

Programming scenarios are initiated by the server side by sending a [Configuration Memory Block Programming](#) command towards the selected Cello unit.

The Cello unit will acknowledge each programming command with a [Configuration Memory Block Programming Ack](#). When the server has no more configuration data to send, it is advisable to perform verification by requesting the unit to upload its configuration memory contents using the [Configuration Memory Block Request Command](#) and compare the configuration data returned via the [Configuration Memory Block Response](#) with the server's known configuration block.

If the verification phase shows a full correlation between the original configuration block sent and the configuration data uploaded the server will perform an OTA reset command to restart the Cello unit with its new configuration.

